Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
Discussion Section:\_\_\_\_\_\_

Solutions should show all of your work, not just a single final answer.

## 3.2: The Product and Quotient Rules

1. Compute the derivative of each function below using the methods from Sections 3.1 and 3.2 (not other methods).

(a) 
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+3}$$
 (simplify numerator in final answer)

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$$
 (simplify numerator in final answer)

(c) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}e^x$$

(d)  $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x^n}$  for constant n, in two ways: (i) quotient rule and (ii) product rule

(e)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{1-x}$  (in final answer, use a common denominator and simplify numerator)

2. In the function h(x) below, defined in terms of f(x) and g(x), determine h'(2) in each case if

(a) 
$$h(x) = 2f(x) + 5g(x)$$

(b) 
$$h(x) = f(x)g(x)$$

(c) 
$$h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

(d) 
$$h(x) = \frac{g(x)}{f(x) + 2}$$

## 3.3: Derivatives of Trigonometric Functions

3. Compute the derivative of each function below using differentiation rules.

(a) 
$$f(x) = x^3 \cos x$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = e^x \tan x$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sec x}{\sqrt{x}}$$
 (Compute (d) in **two ways**, using (i) the quotient rule and (ii) the product rule.)

4. Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = \sin x \cos x$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ . (Your coefficients must be exact, not approximations.)

5. Find the higher derivative  $\frac{d^{1881}}{dx^{1881}}(2\cos x)$  by finding the first eight derivatives and observing the pattern that occurs.

- 6. Determine the following limits by making a change of variables to allow you to use the relation  $\lim_{t\to 0}\frac{\sin t}{t}=1$ .
  - (a)  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{x}$

(b)  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 7x}{5x}$