

§14.5 The Chain Rule Practice Exercises

1. Find dz/dt if $z = x^2 + y^2 + xy$, $x = \sin t$, and $y = e^t$.
2. Find dw/dt if $w = xe^{y/z}$, $x = t^2$, $y = 1 - t$, and $z = 1 + 2t$.
3. If $z = f(x, y)$ and f is differentiable with $x = g(t)$ and $y = h(t)$, use the following table of values to compute dz/dt at $t = 3$.

$$\begin{array}{lll} g(3) = 2 & g'(3) = 5 & f_x(2, 7) = 6 \\ h(3) = 7 & h'(3) = -4 & f_y(2, 7) = -8 \end{array}$$

4. Find $\partial w/\partial r$ and $\partial w/\partial \theta$ at $r = 2$ and $\theta = \pi/2$ if $w = xy + yz + zx$, $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, and $z = r\theta$.

Solutions

$$1. \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = (2x + y) \cos t + (2y + x)e^t = (2 \sin t + e^t) \cos t + (2e^t + \sin t)e^t$$

$$2. \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{dz}{dt} = e^{y/z}(2t) + \frac{xe^{y/z}}{z}(-1) + xe^{y/z} \left(-\frac{y}{z^2}\right) (2) \\ = 2te^{(1-t)/(1+2t)} - \frac{t^2 e^{(1-t)/(1+2t)}}{1+2t} - \frac{2t^2(1-t)e^{(1-t)/(1+2t)}}{(1+2t)^2}$$

3. At $t = 3$, $x = 2$ and $y = 7$.

$$\left. \frac{dz}{dt} \right|_{t=3} = \left. \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right|_{x=2, y=7} \cdot \left. \frac{dx}{dt} \right|_{t=3} + \left. \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right|_{x=2, y=7} \cdot \left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{t=3} \\ = f_x(2, 7)g'(3) + f_y(2, 7)h'(3) \\ = 6(5) + (-8)(-4) = 62$$

$$4. \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial r} \\ = (y + z) \cos \theta + (x + z) \sin \theta + (x + y)\theta \\ = (r \sin \theta + r\theta) \cos \theta + (r \cos \theta + r\theta) \sin \theta + (r \cos \theta + r \sin \theta)\theta \\ = (2 + \pi)(0) + (0 + \pi)(1) + (0 + 2)(\pi/2) = 2\pi$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial \theta} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial z}{\partial \theta} \\ = (y + z)(-r \sin \theta) + (x + z)r \cos \theta + (x + y)r \\ = (r \sin \theta + r\theta)(-r \sin \theta) + (r \cos \theta + r\theta)r \cos \theta + (r \cos \theta + r \sin \theta)r \\ = (2 + \pi)(-2) + (0 + \pi)(0) + (0 + 2)(2) = -2\pi.$$